



President Truman was SETUP!!

One of the dictionary definitions of SETUP:

"A prearranged situation or circumstance, usually created to fool or trap someone; trick; scheme."

BAPTIST President Truman was SETUP by the events surrounding the sudden death of President Roosevelt and the dropping of the atomic bombs on Japan.

Just like the Iraq war today is a SETUP with "REPUBLICAN" President Bush surrounded by right wing "Evangelical Christians" advisers who are also referred to as neocons or *theocons*.... The Republican party is the party of [President Lincoln](#) and he would be the very last person in the country to get involved in foreign wars!!

President Truman was one of the GREATEST U.S. Presidents!!

President Truman was one of the greatest U.S. Presidents....He blocked Jimmy Byrnes and Nelson Rockefeller from stealing the Presidency by sneaking in the back door through the State Department and he stood up to the Pentagon and General MacArthur during the Korean War.

President Truman's reputation has been tarnished however by the dropping of 2 atomic bombs on Japan in August, 1945. Many people say that the war was almost over and that the use of the bombs was unnecessary.

On August 6, 1945, a uranium atomic bomb was dropped on Hiroshima, Japan. On August 9, *another* bomb—a plutonium bomb— was dropped on Nagasaki, Japan. This year is the 62nd anniversary of that dreadful event.



President Harry Truman (1883-1972).
President from April 12, 1945 to Jan. 20,
1953.

President Roosevelt was poisoned and died suddenly on April 12, 1945. His Vice-President, Harry Truman was sworn in the same day.

Roosevelt HATED Harry Truman and never took him into his confidence or prepared him in any way to assume the duties of President. President Truman described Roosevelt as "the coldest man I ever knew."

President Truman had no knowledge of the Manhattan Project but he did suspect that vast quantities of money were being spent on a super-secret project.

President Truman was a Baptist but ALL the hierarchy in the [Roosevelt Reich](#) administration were Roman Catholics by religion.

Harry Truman might never have become President if it was not for the sudden death of President Roosevelt on April 12, 1945.

The reasons for the sudden death of President Roosevelt!!

There were at least 2 main reasons for the sudden death of President Roosevelt on April 12, 1945:

1. **President Roosevelt had an agreement with Stalin and Churchill that Russia should conquer Berlin.**
2. **President Roosevelt was willing to receive a delegation of atomic scientists.**

President Roosevelt met with Joseph Stalin and Prime Minister Churchill at Yalta in February, 1945. It was agreed at that conference that the Russians should take the Nazi headquarters of Berlin. This was only fair since the Russians had lost over 20 million men defeating Nazi Germany and Berlin was the Nazi capital.

By mid April 1945, the Russians were just over 100 miles (160 kilometers) from Berlin. However, the Allies were advancing swiftly across Germany at the same time and the Nazis were *very anxious* to surrender to the British or U. S. forces. Berlin lay within easy reach of the Allies.

It was at that critical juncture in world history that President Roosevelt died suddenly....Joseph Stalin understood immediately that Roosevelt was murdered and that the agreement between the Big Three would be null and void. Berlin could surrender to the Allies and Hitler and his henchman might yet escape their just retribution.

Stalin ordered an immediate all out assault on Berlin with absolutely no consideration for the casualties involved (about 80,000 Russians killed, 275,000 wounded). Berlin was finally taken by the Russians on May 2, 1945.

Roosevelt was ready to meet with a delegation of atomic scientists

President Roosevelt had an appointment to meet atomic scientist Leo Szilard on May 8th, 1945. Szilard wanted to discuss the possibility of giving the Japanese a demonstration of the terror weapon before dropping it on a city. Here is a quote from Assistant President Byrnes himself:

"A few days after the committee was appointed, President Truman referred to me a letter addressed to President Roosevelt by Dr. Albert Einstein, dated March 25, **which was in President Roosevelt's office at the time of his death at Warm Springs.** In it Dr. Einstein requested the President to receive Dr. L. Szilard, "who proposes to submit to you certain considerations and recommendations." After citing Dr. Szilard's reputation in the scientific field, Dr. Einstein went on to say that Dr. Szilard was concerned about the lack of adequate contact between the atomic scientists and the Cabinet members who were responsible for determining policy. Dr. Einstein concluded with the hope that the President would give his personal attention to what Dr. Szilard had to say" (Byrnes, *All In One Lifetime*, p. 284).

President Roosevelt never met the atomic scientists . . . because he was murdered!!

Once the dogs of war are unleashed; nobody but the Almighty can foretell what the outcome will be....President Roosevelt made an appointment to meet Leo Szilard on May 8th, 1945:

"It worked; the White House, after receiving the letter of introduction, set an appointment for Szilard to present his memorandum on May 8. Szilard was in his office at the University of Chicago on April 12, looking over a final revision of his views for Roosevelt's reading,

when there was a knock at the office door. Another member of the Manhattan Project told Szilard that he had just heard on the radio that FDR had died." (Robertson, *Sly and Able: A Political Biography of James F. Byrnes*, p. 400).

White House physician says Roosevelt was in good health on April 12

Agreeing to meet a delegation of scientists who opposed the atomic bombing of Japan was a death warrant for Roosevelt....Roosevelt traveled to Warm Springs, Georgia, in late March to take a vacation and RECOVERATE from the stress of his 14,000 mile round trip to Yalta to meet Churchill and Stalin:

Dr. Ross T. McIntyre was the White House physician in charge of President's Roosevelt's health:

"When Dr. Bruenn telephoned on Thursday, April 12, his report was most optimistic. The President had gained back eight of his lost pounds and was feeling so fit that he planned to attend an old-fashioned Georgia barbecue in the afternoon and a minstrel show that evening for the Foundation's patients. Every cause for anxiety seemed to have lifted, and given another lazy, restful week, there was no reason why he should not return to Washington on April 20 to greet the Regent of Iraq."(McIntyre, *White House Physician*, p. 240).

Jimmy Byrnes talked to the President via telephone a few days before his death on April 12:



Roosevelt cottage in Warm Springs, Georgia, where he died from food poisoning on April 12, 1945.... He was only 63 years old!!

"To this I can only give my opinion at the time. On several occasions late in 1943 the President did look tired and overwrought, but we were all familiar with his remarkable capacity to "bounce back." This expression reminds me of a phrase often used by his personal physician, Dr. Ross McIntire, who had him under daily observation: "That man is like a rubber ball." I now realize that we were perhaps too close to Mr. Roosevelt to note the deterioration observed by those who saw him less frequently. **Even a few days before his death, when I telephoned him at Warm Springs and he told me he felt much better, I thought from his voice and the pungency with which he expressed his views that he had again bounced back.** This may help to explain why, little more than a year before this, his friends had not questioned the wisdom of his decision to run again." (Byrnes, *All In One Lifetime*, p. 217).

President Truman was *out of the country* during the A-bombing of Japan!!

Just as the most destructive war in the history of the world was ending, the President of the United States was taken on an ocean voyage and then sightseeing in Berlin, Germany!!

In order to prevent President Truman from meeting with the scientists, he was SENT OUT OF THE COUNTRY to Potsdam, Germany, to meet with Stalin and Churchill. Unlike Roosevelt who *flew* to his meetings, Truman left by *slow moving* ship on July 6, and did not return until August 7—the day *after* the bombing of Hiroshima.

67 atomic had signed a petition against the use of the bomb but Leahy, and Groves prevented Truman from seeing it . . . until *after* his return!!



Jimmy Byrnes, President Truman and Admiral Leahy.

July 8, 1945—Admiral Leahy and Secretary of State Jimmy Byrnes with President Truman aboard the *Augusta* on their way to Potsdam, Germany. This was the most momentous time in the history of world . . . and Truman was *hustled* out of the country. Leahy, Byrnes and Groves wanted to prevent him meeting with the atomic scientists who invented the bomb.

On July 17, 1945, the atomic bomb was tested for the SECOND time in Alamogordo, New Mexico.

The Pentagon was *frantic* to get Japan to surrender before the Russians entered the war and they were *itching* to use their new super weapon to force the Japanese to surrender!!

The 3 men behind the dropping of the atomic bombs!!

These 3 men were behind the dropping of the atomic bombs on Japan. All 3 were fanatical Fatima crusaders who HATED Russia and wanted to keep her out of the Far East. They knew PERFECTLY well that Japan was defeated when Germany surrendered in April, 1945. Stalin promised Roosevelt at Yalta that Russia would declare war on Japan 3 months after Germany was defeated. Immediately after the Nazi surrender, the huge Soviet armies were deployed to the Far East.

All 3 of these men had perfect disguises.... Leahy and Byrnes were Irish Roman Catholics who *converted* to the Episcopal congregation while Groves was the son of a *Presbyterian minister* and Army Chaplain:



[Fleet Admiral William D. "Bill" Leahy](#)
(1875-1959).



[General Leslie R. "Dick" Groves](#)
(1896-1970).



[James F. "Jimmy" Byrnes](#)
(1882-1972).

This man built the Pentagon and

This man was Secretary of State under

This man was Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and had an office in the East Wing of the White House next to Byrnes.

He was the highest ranking military officer in the Roosevelt Reich and he was boss of Groves and "Deak" Parsons.

then became overseer of the Manhattan Project to build the atomic bomb.

He had a perfect disguise. His father was a *Presbyterian minister* and Army Chaplain who *forgot* to teach his son ANYTHING about the Bible!!!!

Truman from July 3, 1945 to Jan. 1947.

Byrnes was a Senator from South Carolina; a Supreme Court Judge, and director of the Office of War Mobilization before becoming Secretary of State. He was referred to as the "Assistant President."

President Truman put James F. Byrnes in charge of the atomic bomb committee!!



President Truman took the oath of office as the 33rd President of the U.S. on April 12, 1945.

The new President was simply overwhelmed by his new responsibilities. *Nothing* had prepared him for such a moment. Truman said "I felt like the moon, the stars and all the planets had fallen on me."

He appointed James F. Byrnes as Secretary of State replacing Edward Stettinius. When Truman heard of the atomic bomb from Byrnes he appointed an Interim Committee to advise him on the bomb—with Byrnes as its head!!

In 1944, Byrnes was actually the Vice-Presidential candidate instead of Truman. Byrnes was not nominated because he was unacceptable to blacks because of his racist views.

Byrnes felt that HE should be the one taking the oath of office . . . instead of Truman.

Truman told the atomic scientists to "go see Byrnes."

President Truman was certainly in over his head and he made Byrnes the head of an Interim Committee to advise him on the new super weapon:

"President Truman asked me to see Szilard, who came down to Spartanburg, bringing with him Dr. H. C. Urey and another scientist. As the Einstein letter had indicated he would, Szilard complained that he and some of his associates did not know enough about the policy of the government with regard to the use of the bomb. **He felt that scientists, including himself, should discuss the matter with the Cabinet, which I did not feel desirable. His general demeanor and his desire to participate in policy making made an unfavorable impression on me,** but his associates were neither as aggressive nor apparently as dissatisfied.

In response to his statement that the younger scientists were very critical of Doctors Bush, Compton and Conant, I asked him his opinion of Oppenheimer. He quickly expressed

enthusiastic admiration. I told him then that he should feel better because the following week, upon the suggestion of the three scientists about whom he complained, Dr. Oppenheimer would meet with the Interim Committee. This pleased Szilard and his companions, and the conversation passed to a more general discussion of atomic matters. What they told me did not decrease my fears of the terrible weapon they had assisted in creating.

These oppressive thoughts, and the burden of security, made themselves felt in meetings of the Interim Committee. **A few days later, when I mentioned to General Groves the scientists' visit to Spartanburg, he told me that he already knew of it; that one of his intelligence agents had been following the three gentlemen, as they followed others connected with the project. The diligence of Groves impressed me then as it had done before"** (Byrnes, *All In One Lifetime*, pp. 284-285).

Byrnes recommended the use of the bomb without any warning!!

Before other bombing raids over Japan, the Pentagon had dropped leaflets warning the Japanese that an air raid was coming. Byrnes was totally against any warning. The Japanese were willing to surrender after Germany's defeat . . . if they could keep the Emperor. If not they were willing to fight to the death . . . and use their own atomic bombs on the invaders:

"On June 1, 1945, our Interim Committee unanimously recommended to President Truman that the bomb should be used without specific warning and as soon as practicable against a military installation or a war plant in the Japanese islands. It had been suggested that it first be used against an isolated island with representatives of Japan and other nations invited to observe the test. This alternative was rejected. There was also the question of giving the Japanese fair warning about the time and place of the explosion; but because we felt that American prisoners of war would be brought into the designated area, this idea was not adopted. We were also told by the experts that whatever the success of the test bomb, they would not guarantee that another would explode when dropped. Further, if we gave the Japanese advance notice and then the bomb failed to explode, our optimism would have only played into the hands of the Japanese militarists." (Byrnes, *All In One Lifetime*, p. 285).

Atom bomb cost 20 BILLION Dollars to develop!!

The atom bomb cost 2 BILLION (20 BILLION in today's dollars) to develop and over 200,000 people worked for 3 years on the Manhattan Project. It was the largest and most expensive industrial project ever undertaken in the entire history of the world:

"In fact, S-1 was the largest scientific-industrial undertaking in history, and the most important and best-kept secret of the war. Overall responsibility had been given to the Army Corps of Engineers, with Groves, who had overseen the building of the Pentagon, in charge. It had been launched out of fear that the Nazis were at work on the same thing, which they were, though with nothing like the seriousness or success that were imagined. In less than three years the United States had spent \$2 billion, which was not the least of the hidden costs, and, one way or other, 200,000 people had been involved, only a few having more than a vague idea of what it was about. That the diligent chairman of the Truman Committee had known so little was a clear measure of how extremely effective security had been. But then neither did General MacArthur or Admiral Chester A. Nimitz or a host of others in high command know what was going on.

While the United States and Great Britain shared in the secret and technical-scientific details, it was in all practicality an American project—initiated, supervised, financed, and commanded from Washington. Ultimately it was Franklin Roosevelt's project, his decision, his venture. Without his personal interest and backing it would never have been given such priority. For Truman it was thus another part of the Roosevelt legacy to contend with and again Roosevelt was of little help to him. Roosevelt had left behind no policy in writing other than a brief agreement signed with Churchill at Hyde Park the previous autumn saying only that once the new weapon was ready, "It might perhaps, after mature consideration, be used against the Japanese, who should be warned that this bombardment will be repeated until they surrender." (McCulloch, *Truman*, pp. 378-379).

President Truman was reelected in 1948

President Truman was reelected to the Presidency in 1948 by an overwhelming majority of the people.

Even with the end of the war, the Pentagon continued to dominate the affairs of the nation and *guarantee* more foreign wars with the establishment of NATO in Europe and the fake state of "Israel" in the Mideast.



[Click to enlarge](#)

President Truman taking the oath of office on January 20, 1949.



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President Truman KISSING the BIBLE after taking the oath of office.

President Truman stood up to the Pentagon and MacArthur during the Korean War!!

During the Korean War, President Truman was again asked to authorize the use of nuclear weapons . . . but this time he flatly refused to be a puppet of the military . . . and saved the world from WWII.

The faked North Korean *invasion* of South Korea began on Sunday, June 25, 1950. North Korea had vast supplies of uranium and a huge hydroelectric atomic bomb producing facility at Hungnam (Hunan) which was built by the Japanese during WWII. Russia now controlled North Korea and were producing their own atomic bombs.

This was anathema to the Pentagon planners who were determined to prevent Russia from entering the exclusive nuclear club at all costs. And so the faked "invasion" of North Korea was staged (just like 911) in order to provide a "moral" pretext for the war of conquest and subjugation of North Korea.

When the war went badly for MacArthur, he went crying to President Truman to authorize the use of nuclear weapons against China. President Truman flatly refused and reminded MacArthur that the Constitution made *him* Commander in Chief of the armed forces. World peace was preserved when the President fired MacArthur and that old soldiers finally faded away:



General Douglas MacArthur (1880-1964), was commander of the Pentagon forces that invaded North Korea to capture the uranium mines and hydroelectric facilities.



In a speech on April 11, 1951, President Truman announced that he was firing the firebrand MacArthur for *insubordination* and threatening the peace of the world.

Vital Links

[Fleet Admiral William D. "Bill" Leahy](#)

[General Leslie R. "Dick" Groves](#)

[James F. "Jimmy" Byrnes](#)

[Petition to the President of the United States from 68 atomic scientists!!](#)

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